

Tourism in Spain in the 20th century



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Tourism in Spain

- **Tourism in Spain is a major contributor to the national economic life, contributing about 11% of Spain's GDP (Gross Domestic Product.)**
- **Ever since the 1960s and 1970s, the country has been a popular destination for summer holidays, especially with large numbers of tourists from the UK, France, Germany, Italy and the Benelux, among others.**
- **Accordingly, Spain's foreign tourist industry has grown into the second-biggest in the world.**



Tourism in Spain

- In 2016 Spain was the third most visited country in the world, recording 75.3 million tourists which marked the fourth consecutive year of record-beating numbers.
- Spain ranks first among 136 countries in the biannual Travel and Tourism Competitiveness Index published by the World Economic Forum in 2017, matching the top position already achieved in 2015.
- The World Tourism Organization has its headquarters in Madrid.
- According to The Economist 2005 year list, Spain has the world's 10th highest quality of life.



Transport

- Spain's national airline is Iberia, but the country can be flown into on many international passenger airlines and charter airlines.
- Tourists also arrive in Spain by road, rail and over the water. Spanish freeways interconnecting the touristic cities are also linked up with the French freeway network across the Pyrenees. The main train operator is RENFE, including AVE (Spanish high speed train) or Talgo intercity services.
- Spain's high-speed rail link is the largest in Europe and second largest in the world after China. There is also a number of high-end tourism oriented hotel-train services, such as Transcantábrico.



Summer resorts and beaches

INFORMACION

- The most popular Spanish mainland coasts are on its Mediterranean side, and include, from north to south clockwise:



Summer resorts and beaches

INFORMACION

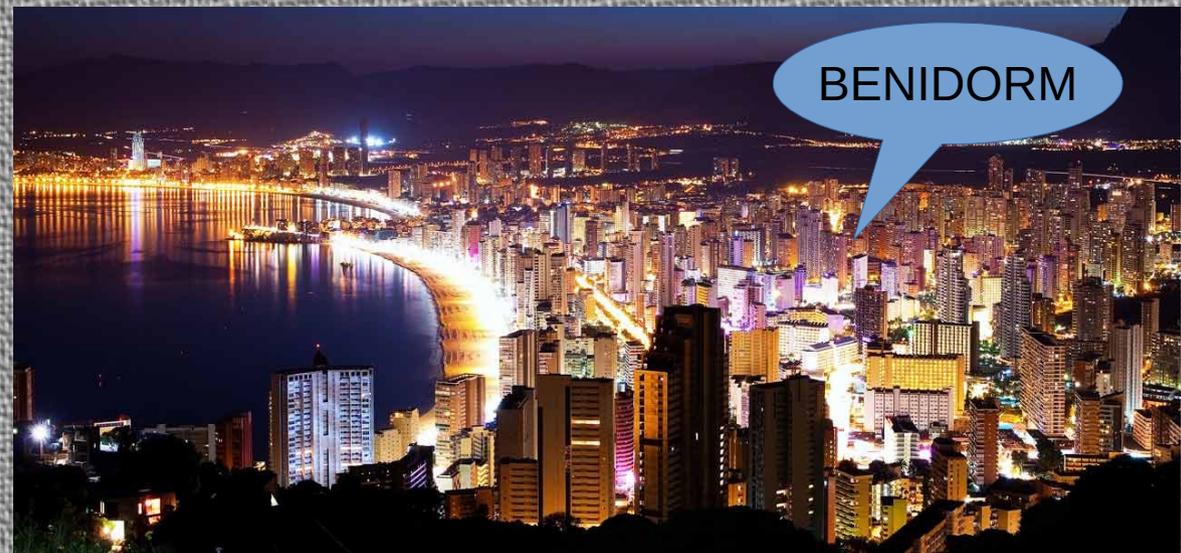
- The Costa Brava, the Costa Daurada and the Costa del Maresme, in the Autonomous Community of Catalonia, very popular with visitors from France as well as inland Spain, with notable resorts like Salou and the city of Barcelona.



Summer resorts and beaches

INFORMACION

- The Costa Blanca, (one of the most developed coastal areas of Spain, extremely popular for tourists from the United Kingdom and Germany, with Benidorm as the leading summer city of Spain) and the Costa del Azahar are both in the Valencian Community.



Summer resorts and beaches

- The Costa Cálida in the Region of Murcia and the Mar Menor, a lagoon by the Mediterranean sea.

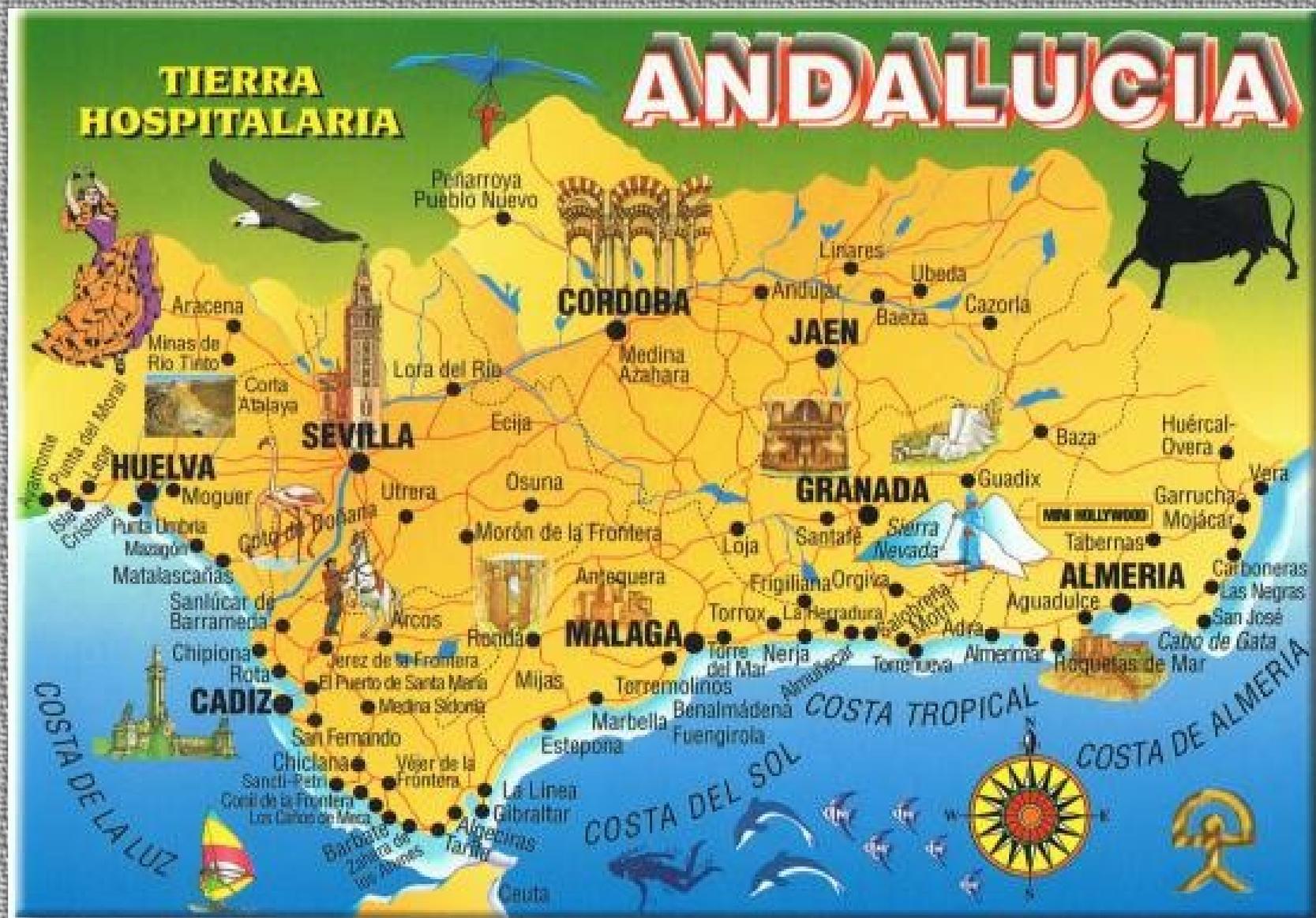


Summer resorts and beaches

- **The Costa de Almería, the Costa Tropical, the Costa del Sol and the Costa de la Luz, all in the community of Andalusia. Some of the summer destinations here are renowned worldwide, such as Marbella in Málaga Province or Sotogrande in Cádiz province, both destinations for tourists and summer residents with big purchasing power. The city of Málaga is a notable Costa del Sol destination and also one of the largest harbours in Spain and frequented by cruise ships.**



Summer resorts and beaches



Summer resorts and beaches

- Spain's two archipelagoes, the Balearic Islands off the mainland coast in the Mediterranean and the volcanic Canary Islands in the Atlantic, are also both very popular destinations with Spaniards and Europeans.



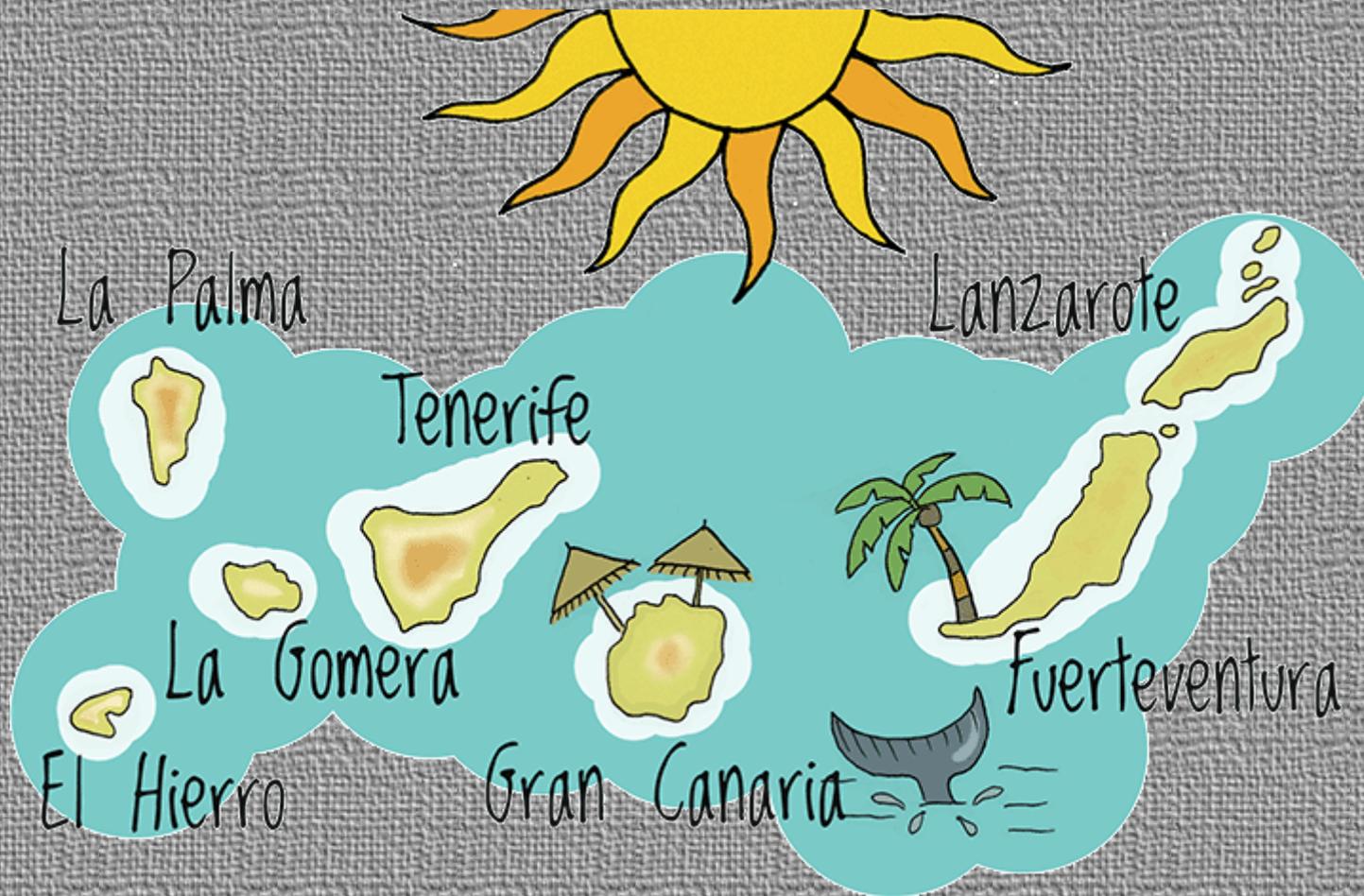
Summer resorts and beaches

- **Baleares:**



Summer resorts and beaches

- **Canarias:**



Festivals

- **See also: Fiestas of International Tourist Interest of Spain**
- **Most festivals turn around patron saints, legends, local customs and folklore. Among the most singular ones stand out the Seville Fair (Feria de Abril in Spanish), the Romería de El Rocío in Almonte, Huelva, the world-famous Running of the Bulls in Pamplona, the Fallas in Valencia, the Tomatina in Buñol, Valencia and the Fiestas del Pilar in Zaragoza.**



Festivals

EL ROCÍO



SEVILLA FAIR



FALLAS



Festivals

TOMATINA



FIESTAS DEL PILAR



SAN FERMÍN



Festivals

- The Carnival is also popular all over Spain, but especially in the Canary Islands and Cadiz. There are renowned movie festivals all over the country, the most recognizable being the famous San Sebastián International Film Festival, the Málaga Spanish Film Festival, the Seminci (Valladolid International Film Festival), the Mostra de Valencia and the Sitges Film Festival, the world's foremost international festival specializing in fantasy and horror movies. Music festivals includes the Sónar, the FIB, the Festimad, the Primavera Sound, the Bilbao BBK Live, the Monegros Desert Festival and the SOS 4.8 Festival.

CANARIA'S CARNIVAL



CÁDIZ'S CARNIVAL



Festivals

- Several cities have hosted international events: the 1888 Barcelona Universal Exposition, the 1929 Barcelona International Exposition, the 1992 Summer Olympics, all in Barcelona, the Universal fair of 1992 in Seville, the 2007 America's Cup in Valencia, and the Expo 2008 in Zaragoza. In addition, some Spanish cities have been or will be European Capital of Culture: Madrid in 1992, Santiago de Compostela in 2000, Salamanca in 2002, and San Sebastián in 2016.



Holy Week in Spain

- Spain is an important place for Catholicism. In fact, some of the holiest places for the Catholic Church are in Spain: city of Santiago de Compostela in Galicia (North-West Spain), the third holiest place after the Vatican City in Rome and Jerusalem. It is also the terminus of the Way of Saint James. Santo Toribio de Liébana, Cantabria (also in North Spain) is the fourth, followed by Caravaca de la Cruz at the South-East, Region of Murcia (fifth holiest place). These places attract pilgrims and tourists from all over the world. Religion also has found its artistic expression through the popular Holy Week processions, which become important

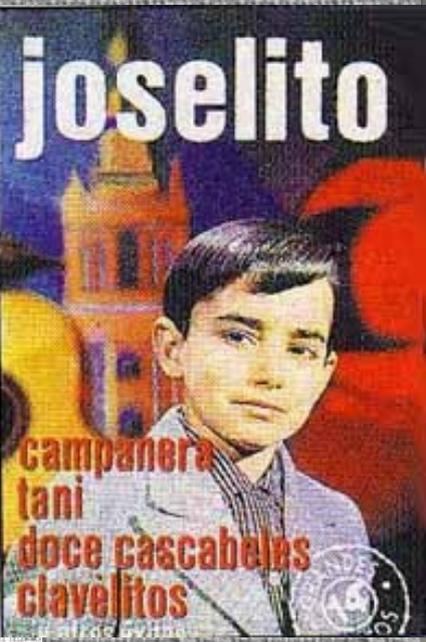
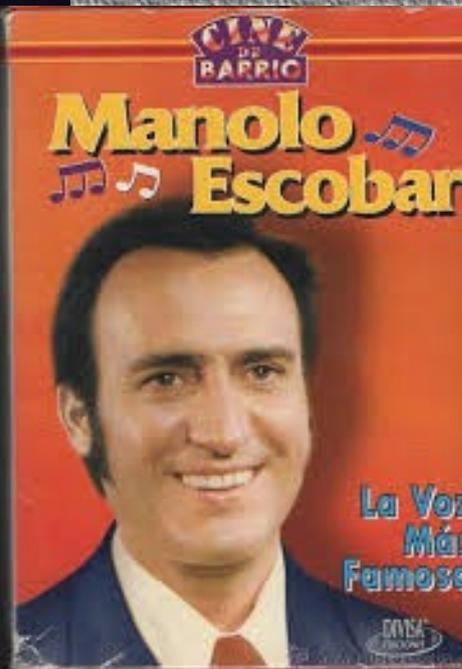
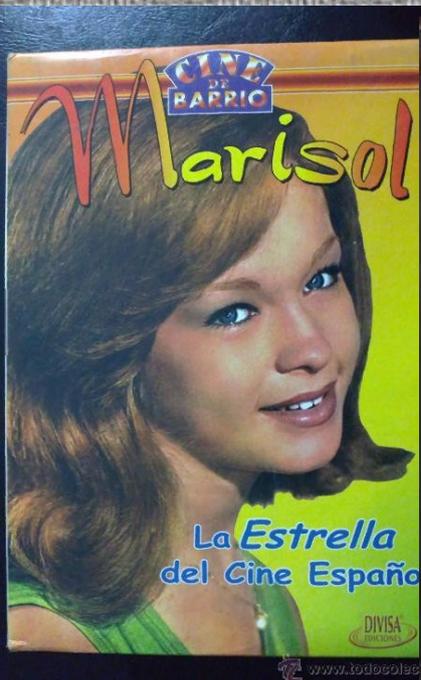


SANTA M.^ª DEL ALBA (ALMUÑÉCAR)



Spanish Cinema

The format of Cine de Barrio is like that of any other film program but with the particularity that the films they analyze are Spanish films from the 50's, 60's or 70's. Films that remind actors like Manolo Escobar, Marisol, Joselito Paco Martínez Soria, Carmen Sevilla or Gracita Morales among others. Each program receives the visit of some actor that appears in the film in question. Before seeing the film, this one is commented and remembered next to the filmography and fame of the invited, and the year in which it was recorded with an original announcement of the NODO.



A little about our city ... ¡Almuñécar!

- **Is a municipality in the Spanish Autonomous Region of Andalusia on the Costa Tropical between Nerja (Málaga) and Motril. It has a subtropical climate. Almuñécar lies in the province of Granada, and has around 27,700 citizens (2012).[1] Since 1975, the town has become one of the most important tourist towns in Granada province and on the Costa Tropical; it has good transport connections and a football (soccer) stadium.**

Almuñécar 1960



A little about our city ... ¡Almuñécar!

- **Almuñécar is an important setting in Laurie Lee's account of the outbreak of the Spanish Civil War in *As I Walked Out One Midsummer Morning*, and referred to as "Castillo" to disguise people's identities.**
- **Almuñécar's coat of arms, which shows the turbaned heads of three Barbary pirates floating in the sea, was granted to the town by King Carlos I in 1526 for its having destroyed a Berber raiding force.**

ALMUÑÉCAR 2017



**I hope you liked it,
thank you very much!**



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